

Catholic Identity Standards

Catholic identity standards. The student understands and integrates the content of what is learned into their faith and daily life.

Ways to Grow CNS S.K6 DSI Display a deep sense of wonder and delight about the natural universe

CNS S.K6 GS2 Describe the unity of faith and reason

CNS S.K6 IS2 Describe relationships, elements, underlying order, harmony, and meaning

CNS S.K6 DS2 Share concern and care for the environment as part of God's creation

Process Standards (Scientific Investigation and Reasoning Skills)

- 7.1 Scientific investigation and reasoning. The student, for at least 40% of the instructional time, conducts laboratory and field investigations following safety procedures and environmentally appropriate and ethical practices
- 7.2 Scientific investigation and reasoning. The student uses scientific practices during laboratory and field investigations.
- 7.4 Science investigation and reasoning. The student knows how to use a variety of tools and safety equipment to conduct science inquiry.

Tools to Know

- 7.1(A) demonstrate safe practices during laboratory and field investigations as outlined in Texas Education Agency-approved safety standards
- 7.1(B) practice appropriate use and conservation of resources, including disposal, reuse, or recycling of materials
- 7.2(A) plan and implement comparative and descriptive investigations by making observations, asking well defined questions, and using appropriate equipment and technology
- 7.2(B) design and implement experimental investigations by making observations, asking well defined questions, formulating testable hypotheses, and using appropriate equipment and technology
- 7.4(A) use appropriate tools, including life science models, hand lenses, stereoscopes, microscopes, beakers, Petri dishes, microscope slides, graduated cylinders, test tubes, meter sticks, metric rulers, metric tape measures, timing devices, hot plates, balances, thermometers, calculators, water test kits, computers, temperature and pH probes, collecting nets, insect traps, globes, digital cameras, journals/notebooks and other necessary equipment to collect, record, and analyze information
- 7.4(B) use preventative safety equipment, including chemical splash goggles, aprons, and gloves, and be prepared to use emergency safety equipment, including an eye/face wash, a fire blanket, and a fire extinguisher

Interactions of Matter and Energy

7.5 Matter and energy. The student knows that interactions occur between matter and energy.

	Readiness Standards	Supporting Standards
7.5(A) recognize that radiant energy process of photosynthesis	ry from the Sun is transformed into chemical energy through the	
	hrough living systems, including food chains, food webs, and energy	

Physical and Chemical Changes

- 7.6 Matter and energy. The student knows that matter has physical and chemical properties and can undergo physical and chemical changes.
- 7.(A) distinguish between physical and chemical changes in matter



Force, Motion, and Energy Relationships		
7.7 Force, motion, and energy. The student knows that there is a relationship among force, motion, and energy.		
7.7(A) illustrate the transformation of energy within an organism such as the transfer from chemical energy to thermal energy	7.7(B) demonstrate and illustrate forces that affect motion in organisms such as emergence of seedlings, turgor pressure, geotropism, and circulation of blood	

Impacts on Earth's Systems	
7.8 Earth and space. The student knows that natural events and human activity can impact Earth syste	ms.
7.8(A) Predict and describe how catastrophic events such as floods, hurricanes, or tornadoes impact	7.8 (B) analyze the effects of weathering, erosion, and deposition on the environment in ecoregions of Texas
ecosystems	7.8 C) model the effects of human activity on groundwater and surface water in a watershed

Components of the Solar System	
7.9 Earth and space. The student knows components of our solar system.	
Readiness Standards	Supporting Standards
	Supporting Standards

Relationships of Organisms and Environments	
7.10 Organisms and environments. The student knows that there is a relationship between organisms and the environment.	
7.10(A) observe and describe how different environments, including microhabitats in schoolyards and biomes, support different varieties of organisms	7.10(B)* describe how biodiversity contributes to the sustainability of an ecosystem 7.10(C)* observe, record, and describe the role of ecological succession such as in a microhabitat of a garden with weeds

Variations and Traits in Populations and Species	
7.11 Organisms and environments. The student knows that populations and species demonstrate variation and inherit many of their unique traits through gradual processes over many generations.	
7.11(B) explain variation within a population or species by comparing external features, behaviors, or physiology of organisms that enhance their survival such as migration, hibernation, or storage of food in a bulb	7.11(A)* examine organisms or their structures such as insects or leaves and use dichotomous keys for identification 7.11(C)* identify some changes in genetic traits that have occurred over several generations through natural selection and selective breeding such as the Galapagos Medium Ground Finch (Geospiza fortis) or domestic animals and hybrid plants



Structure and Function Within Living Systems	
7.12 Organisms and environments. The student knows that living systems at all levels of organization demon	nstrate the complementary nature of structure and function.
 7.12(A) investigate and explain how internal structures of organisms have adaptations that allow specific functions such as gills in fish, hollow bones in birds, or xylem in plants 7.12(D)* differentiate between structure and function in plant and animal cell organelles, including cell membrane, cell wall, nucleus, cytoplasm, mitochondrion, chloroplast, and vacuole 	7.12(B)* identify the main functions of the systems of the human organism, including the circulatory, respiratory, skeletal, muscular, digestive, excretory, reproductive, integumentary, nervous, and endocrine systems 7.12(C) recognize levels of organization in plants and animals, including cells, tissues, organs, organ systems, and organisms 7.12(E) compare the functions of cell organelles to the functions of an organ system 7.12(F)* recognize the components of cell theory

	7.12(F)* recognize the components of cell theory
Organism Response to Stimuli	
7.13 Organisms and environments. The student knows that a living organism must be able to maintain balance in stable internal conditions in response to external and internal stimuli.	
	 7.13(A) investigate how organisms respond to external stimuli found in the environment such as phototropism and fight or flight 7.13(B) describe and relate responses in organisms that may result from internal stimuli such as wilting in plants and fever or vomiting in animals that allow them to maintain balance
Reproduction of Living Organisms	
7.14 Organisms and environments. The student knows that reproduction is a characteristic of living organisms and that the instructions for traits are governed in the genetic material.	
Readiness Standards	Supporting Standards
7.14(B)* compare the results of uniform or diverse offspring from asexual or sexual reproduction	7.14(A) define heredity as the passage of genetic instructions from one generation to the next generation 7.14(C)* recognize that inherited traits of individuals are governed in the genetic material found in the genes within chromosomes in the nucleus

	Process Standards (Scientific Investigation and Reasoning Skills)
7.2 7.3	Scientific investigation and reasoning. The student uses scientific practices during laboratory and field investigations. Scientific investigation and reasoning. The student uses critical thinking, scientific reasoning, and problem solving to make informed decisions and knows the contributions of relevant scientists.
	Ways to Show
7.2(C 7.2(E 7.2(E 7.3(A 7.3(E 7.3(C	construct tables and graphs, using repeated trials and means, to organize data and identify patterns analyze data to formulate reasonable explanations, communicate valid conclusions supported by the data, and predict trends analyze, evaluate, and critique scientific explanations by using empirical evidence, logical reasoning, and experimental and observational testing so as to encourage critical thinking by the student use models to represent aspects of the natural world such as human body systems and plant and animal cells identify advantages and limitations of models such as size, scale, and properties, and materials

